

केंद्रीय विद्यालय संगठन Kendriya Vidyalaya Sangathan 18, संस्थानिक क्षेत्र/ 18, Institutional Area शहीद जीत सिंह मार्ग/ Shaheed Jeet Singh Marg नई दिल्ली–16/ New Delhi – 16

F.No.110239/51/Cir./2016/KVS (Budget)

Dated:2706.2016

The following orders issued by Government of India are uploaded on the KVS Website for information and necessary action.

- G.I., Dept. of Pen. & P.W., O.M.No.45/3/2008-P&PW (F), dated 29-4-2016 regarding Special benefit in cases of death and disability in service-Revision of Disability Pension/Family pension of Pre-2006 disability pensioners/Family Pensioners.
- 2. G.I., Dept. of Pen. & P.W., O.M.No.F.No.42/06/2016-P&PW (G), dated 3.5.2016 regarding grant of Dearness Relief to CPF beneficiaries in receipt of ex gratia payment with effect from 1-1-2016.
- 3. G.I., Dept. of Per. & Trg. O.M.No.22034/04/2013-Estt.(D), dated 17-5-2016 regarding references/Representations/Court Cases in various Ministries/Departments/Organizations for grant of MACPS benefits in the promotional hierarchy.
- G.I., Dept. of Per. & Trg., O.M. No.31011/3/2016-Estt.(A.IV), dated 29-4-2016 regarding Central Civil Services(Leave Travel Concession) Rules, 1988 – Reimbursement of rail fare on LTC in respect of children of 5-12 years age group – Clarification.
- 5. G.I., Dept. of Per. & Trg., O.M.No.31011/11/2015-Estt.(A-IV), dated 12-5-2016 regarding Central Civil Services(Leave Travel Concession)Rules, 1988 Admissibility of catering charges in respect of rail journey performed on LTC Clarification.
- 6. G.I., Dept. of Per. & Trg., O.M.No.F.No.31011/8/2015-Estt.(A.IV), dated 13-5-2016 regarding revision of time-limit for drawal of advance for the purpose of LTC journey by train.

(S.Muthusivam)

Tel. 011-26523070

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7. The Deputy Commissioner, (EDP), KVS (HQ.) with the request to upload the above circulars on the KVS Web site.

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9. Guard file.

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No.45/3/2008-P&PW (F)
Government of India
Ministry of Personnel, Public Grievances & Pensions
Department of Pension & Pensioners' Welfare

3rd Floor, Lok Nayak Bhavan, Khan Market, New Delhi-110003. Dated the 29th April, 2016.

OFFICE MEMORANDUM

Subject:

Special benefit in cases of death and disability in service—Revision of Disability Pension/Family pension of Pre-2006 disability pensioners/Family Pensioners—regarding.

The undersigned is directed to say that the pension of pensioners/family pensioners who were drawing pension/family pension as on 1.1.2006 under the CCS(EOP) Rules was to be revised in accordance with Department of Pension & Pensioners' Welfare OM No.38/37/2008-P&P&W(A) dated 1.9.2008. Accordingly, instructions were issued vide this Department OM of even number dated 30th September, 2010 for extension of benefits of modified parity to past pensioners for revision of disability pension/family pension covered under CCS(EOP) Rules.

- 2. Orders were issued vide this Department's OM No.38/37/2008-P&PW(A) dated 28th January, 2013 for further stepping up of normal pension/family pension to 50%/30% of the sum of minimum pay in the pay band and grade pay corresponding to the pre-revised pay scales from which the pensioner had retired, as arrived at with reference to the fitment table annexed to the Ministry of Finance, Department of Expenditure OM No.1/1/2008-IC dated 30th August 2008. It was decided to extend this benefit to pre-2006 disability pensioner/family pensioner covered under the Central Civil Services (Extraordinary Pension) Rules vide this Department's OM of even number dated 20.11.2014.
- 3. Orders have been issued vide this Department's OM No.38/37/2008-P&PW(A) dated 30.7.2015 to revise the pension/family pension of all pre-2006 pensioners/family pensioners in accordance with this Department's OM No.38/37/2008-P&PW(A) dated 28.1.2013 with effect from 1.1.2006 instead of 24.09.2012. Accordingly, it has been decided that the benefit of revision of disability pension/extra-ordinary family pension in terms of this Department's OM of even number dated 20.11.2014 would also be applicable w.e.f. 01.01.2006 instead of 24.09.2012.
- All other terms and conditions in the O.M. dated 3.2. 2000, as amended vide O.M. No.45/3/2008-P&PW (F) dated 18.11. 2008, 30.09.2010 and 20.11.2014 shall remain unchanged.
- 5. This issues with the concurrence of the Ministry of Finance, Department of Expenditure, vide their I.D Note No.1(5)/EV/2012, dated 23.02.2016.

2 -

7. Hindi version will follow.

(Sujasha Choudhury) Deputy Secretary

Tele: 24635979

To

All Ministries/Departments of the Government of India as per standard distribution list.

Copy to President's Secretariat, Vice President's Secretariat, Prime Minister's Office, Cabinet Secretariat, Supreme Court of India, C&AG, UPSC, etc. as per standard endorsement list.

F. No. 42/06/2016-P&PW(G)
Government of India
Ministry of Personnel, Public Grievances & Pensions
Department of Pension & Pensioners' Welfare

3rd Floor, Lok Nayak Bhavan Khan Market, New Delhi_t - 110003 Date:- 03 May, 2016

OFFICE MEMORANDUM

Subject: Grant of Dearness Relief to CPF beneficiaries in receipt of ex-gratia payment w.e.f 01.01.2016.

In continuation of this Department's OM No. 42/10/2014-P&PW(G) dated 28th Oct, 2015, the President is pleased to grant the Dearness Relief at the rate of 5th CPC w.e.f. 1.1.2016 to the following:

- (i) The surviving CPF beneficiaries who have retired from service between the period 18.11.1960 to 31.12.1985 and are in receipt of ex-gratia @ Rs.600/-p.m. w.e.f. 01.11.1997 under this Department's OM No. 45/52/97-P&PW(E) dated 16.12.1997 & revised to Rs.3000, Rs.1000, Rs.750 & Rs.650 for Group A, B, C & D respectively w.e.f 4th June,2013 vide OM No. 1/10/2012-P&PW(E) dtd. 27th June, 2013 are entitled to Dearness Relief @ 245% w.e.f. 01.01.2016.
- (ii) The following categories of CPF beneficiaries who are in receipt of ex-gratia payment in terms of this Department's OM No. 45/52/97-P&PW(E) dated 16.12.1997 are entitled to DR @237 % w.e.f. 01.01.2016.
 - (a) The widows and dependent children of the deceased CPF beneficiary who had retired from service prior to 1.1.1986 or who had died while in service prior to 1.1.1986 and are in receipt of Ex-gratia payment of Rs. 605/- p.m. & revised to Rs 645/- p.m with effect from 04th June ,2013 vide OM No. 1/10/2012-P&PW(E) dated 27th June,2013.
 - (b) Central Government employees who had retired on CPF benefits before 18.11.1960 and are in receipt of Ex-gratia payment of Rs. 654/-, Rs. 659/-, Rs. 703/- and Rs. 965/-.
- 2. Payment of DR involving a fraction of a rupee shall be rounded off to the next higher rupee. In their application to the Indian Audit and Accounts Department, these orders issue in consultation with the C&AG.
- 3. This issues as per Ministry of Finance, Department of Expenditure vide their OM No 1(4)/EV/2004 dated 25.05.2015 and OM No.1(3)/2008-E.II(B) dated 22.04.2016.
- 4. Hindi version will follow.

(Charanjit Taneja)
Under Secretary to the Government of India

To

1 All Ministries /Departments of the Government of India, C&AG of India.

2 Copy for information to Reserve Bank of India(RBI) and all authorized Pension Disbursing Banks.

Please visit this Department's website http://pensionersportal.gov.in for the orders on pension matters including above orders.

No. 22034/04/2013-Estt.(D) Government of India Ministry of Personnel Public Grievance & Pensions Department of Personnel & Training

North Block, New Delhi Dated: 17.05.2016

Office Memorandum

Subject: References/Representations/Court Cases in various Ministries/Departments/ Organisations for grant of MACPS benefits in the promotional hierarchy reg.

In continuation of Department of Personnel Training's earlier O.M. of even no. dated 20.01.2016 and dated 01.03.2016 on the above mentioned subject, the undersigned is directed to forward a copy of the decision dated 28.04.2016 of Hon'ble CAT, Calcutta Bench in OA No. 351/00195/2014 filed by Shri S.H.K. Murti & Others Vs. UOI &Ors whereby the demand of the applicant for MACP in promotional hierarchy has been dismissed, for necessary action and compliance. The Hon'ble Tribunal in the aforesaid decision dated 28.04.2016 has held that the MACP benefit would be given in the hierarchy of next higher Grade Pay and not in Grade Pay of promotional hierarchy which will be payable on actual promotion.

2. All Ministries/Departments are requested to upload it on their websites for wider publicity.

لِهِ Jayanthi)
(G. Jayanthi)

Director (E-I)

Phone No. 23092479

All Ministries/Departments of the Government of India.

Copy to :-

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- 2. All attached/subordinate offices of the Ministry of Personnel, Public Grievances and Pensions.
- 3. Secretary, National Commission for Minorities.
- 4. Secretary, National Commission for Scheduled Castes/Scheduled Tribes.
- 5. Secretary, Staff Side, National Council (JCM), 13-C, Ferozeshah Road, New Delhi.
- PS to MOS(PP) for information of MOS(PP).
- 7. All Staff Side Members of the National Council (JCM).
- 8. NIC [for uploading this OM on the website of DOPT (ACP)].
- 9. Hindi Section, DOPT for Hindi version.

No.O.A.351/00195/2014

Date of order: 28. 4. 2016.

Present: Hon'ble Justice Shri Vishnu Chandra Gupta, Judicial Member Hon'ble Ms. Jaya Das Gupta, Administrative Member

- 1. Shri S.H.K. Murti
- 2. Shri A.K. Paul
- 3. Shri S. Ganeshan
- 4. Anil V. John
- 5. Smt. Lata Hegde Prasad
- 6. Shri Shaji Abraham
- Shri C.A. Majeed
 Shri K.G. Russogi
- 9. Shri Barun Kumar Choudhury
- 10. Shri Rajee George
- 11. Shri Padmdev
- 12. Shri Ayub Hassan

......Applicants

VS.

- The Union of India through the Secretary, Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change, Indira Paryavaran Bhavan, 6th Floor, "Jal", Jor Bagh Road, New Delhi-110 003;
- 2. The Secretary to Government of India, Ministry of Finance, North Block, New Delhi - 110 001
- 3. The Andaman & Nicobar Administration, through the Lt. Governor, Andaman & Nicobar Islands, Port Blair,
- 4. The Chief Secretary, Andaman & Nicobar Administration, Secretariat, Port Blair;
- 5. The Principal Chief Conservator of Forests, Principal Secretary(Forests), Andaman & Nicobar Islands, Vansadan, Port Blair-744 102, Andaman District

......Respondents

: Ms. A. Nag, counsel For the applicants For the respondents : Mr. S.C. Misra, counsel

ORDER

Per Ms. Jaya Das Gupta, A.M.

The applicants have filed this case under Section 19 of Administrative Tribunals Act, 1985 seeking the following reliefs:-

- "a) Leave be granted to move the original application jointly under Rule 4(5)(a) of the Central Administrative Tribunal(Procedure) Rules, 1987;
- An order be passed directing the authorities to review the order 22.10.2010, 04.01.2011, 15.12.2010 and 23.01.2014 whereby the respondent authorities extended

the benefits of MACP Scheme to the applicants to the next higher grade by fixing the sale of pay of the applicants in the promotional scale i.e. PB-3 with grade of Rs.6600.

- c) An order be passed directing the authorities to grant all consequential and monetary benefits to the applicants after fixing the pay scale of the applicants to the next promotional scale i.e. PB-3 with grade pay of Rs.6600/- with effect from the date when the authorities extended benefits of MACP Scheme to the applicants;
- d) An order be passed directing the respondent authorities to grant all consequential and monetary benefits to the applicants;
- e) An order directing the respondent authorities to act in accordance with law;
- f) An order to issue, directing the respondents to produce the records of the case before this Hon'ble Tribunal so that conscious able justice may be done;
- g) Such other or further order direction or directions, as your LORDSHiPS deem fit and proper in the interest of justice.."
- 2. It is the case of the applicants that they were posted as Forest Rangers in Andaman & Nicobar Islands Forest Department on various dates in the pay scale of Rs.1400-2300. The respondent authorities enacted a Recruitment Rule on 25.07.1991 in the promotional hierarchy of Forest Rangers which was Assistant Conservator of Forests in the pay scale of Rs.2000-3500 and Assistant Conservator of Forests(Selection Grade) carrying the pay scale of 3000-4500. From 27.12.2000 i.e. in the period of Vth Central Pay Commission, the applicants were given the benefit of the first ACP to the scale of Rs.6500-10500 which was the scale of the next promotional hierarchy of Assistant Conservator of Forests on various dates depending on the initial date of joining. From 22nd October, 2010 the respondent authorities extended the benefit of MACP Scheme to the applicants. It is the contention of the applicants that the next promotional scale in the promotional hierarchy was that of Assistant Conservator of Forests(Selection Grade) which was in the pay scale of Rs.1560-39100 with Grade Pay of Rs.6600 during the VIth Central Pay Commission and they ought to have been given the Grade Pay of Rs.6600 as a MACP benefit. But contrary to that they were given the Grade Pay of Rs. 4800 only in the pay band of PB-2. The applicants have cited various decisions of C.A.T., Chandigarh Bench and C.A.T, Guwahati Bench where similar benefits of awarding MACP in the Grade Pay of next promotional post was given, to bolster their case as the respondent authorities did not award them the Grade Pay of Rs.6600 but awarded only the Grade Pay of Rs.4800/-, Being aggrieved they have approached this court for redressal of their grievances.
- 3. Per contra, it is the case of the respondent authorities that as per the MACP Scheme, it is only the next Grade Pay in the hierarchy of Grade Pay which has to be given and not the Grade Pay of the next post in the promotional hierarchy. In para 2 of the MACP Scheme annexed as Annexure-I to the Scheme issued by the Government of India, DOP&T vide O.M. No.35034/3/2008-Estt.(D) dated 19.05.2009 is set out below:-

"2. The MACPS envisages merely placement in the immediate next higher grade pay in the hierarchy of the recommended revised pay bands and grade pay as given in Section 1, Part-A of the first schedule of the CCS (Revised Pay) Rules, 2008. Thus, the grade pay at the time of financial upgradation under the MACPS can, certain cases where regular promotion is not between two successive grades, be different than what is available at the time of regular promotion. In such cass, the higher grade pay attached to the next promotion post in the hierarchy of the concerned cadre/organization will be given only at the time of regular promotion."

Therefore, in the case of the applicants the respondent authorities have given the next higher Grade Pay of Rs.4800/- and not the Grade Pay of Rs.6600/- attached to the next promotional post of Assistant Conservator of Forests(Selection Grade). The Grade Pay Rs.6600 is to be given only on actual promotion and not on upgradation. Hence, the respondent authorities have prayed for dismissal of the case.

- 4. Heard ld. counsel for the parties and perused the materials placed on record.
- 5. Issue:-

The point at issue is whether upon stagnation, a person would get the next higher Grade varieties are proportional post.

- 6. Findings:-
- (a) The Government of India had introduced the Assured Career Progression Scheme (ACP Scheme) during the Vth Central Pay Commission period vide Government of India DOP&T's O.M. No.35034/1/97-Estt.(D) dated 9th August, 1999 to the effect that persons stagnating in a particular scale would be given upgradation of pay in the **immediate next higher pay scale** on completion of 12 years and 24 years of regular service. The ACP Scheme was effective from 09.08.1999 to 31.08.2008.
- (b) During the VIth Central Pay Commission, the ACP Scheme was modified into the Modified Assured Career Progression (MACP) Scheme, whereby, the persons stagnating in a relevant scale are to be given upgradations to the next higher Grade Pay after completion of 10 years, 20 years and 30 years of regular service. The MACP Scheme came into effect from 61.09.2008.
- (c) The post of Assistant Conservator of Forests carried the pay scale of Rs.2000-350(S-12) which was revised to Rs.6500-10500 in the Vth Central Pay Commission. The post of Assistant Conservator of Forests(Selection Grade) carried the pay scale of Rs.3000-4500(S-19), which was revised to Rs.10,000-15200 in the Vth Central Pay Commission. Thus, we see there is a jump from the pay scale of (S-12) to (S-19) on promotion of an officer from Assistant Conservator of Forests to Assistant Conservator of Forests(Selection Grade) during the Vth Central Pay Commission. During the Vlth Pay Commission, as per the recommendation, the scale of Assistant Conservator of Forests carrying the pay scale of Rs.6500-10500(S-12) was replaced by PB-2 (Rs.9300-34800 with Grade Pay of Rs.4200) and the pay of the Assistant

Conservator of Forests (Selection Grade) carrying the pay scale of Rs.10,000-15,200(S-19) was replaced by PB-3(Rs.15,600-39,100 with Grade Pay of Rs.6600/-).

- (d) The applicant refers to decision of various court cases for advancing his case.
- (i) The findings of C.A.T., Chandigarh Bench in O.A.1038/CH/2010decided on 31.05.2011 in the case of Raj Pal vs. Union of India & Ors. wherein the applicant was working as a photocopier which was an isolated post. Para 15 of the judgment is set out below:-
 - "15. Be that as it may, the principle enunciated and settled by the Tribunals/High Court for grant of ACP cannot be changed and the same principle would apply for grant of MACP to him. The only difference is the number of years required to be completed. We find no justification to take a different view of the matter."

C.A.T., Chandigarh Bench allowed the prayer of the applicant by granting him pay in a hierarchy of post which was drawn on equation with that of Hindi Typist and LDC as Raj Pai was a Pkotocopier which was an isolated post.

However, the applicants in the present case belong to a definite promotional hierarchy and their posts are not isolated posts.

This view of C.A.T, Chandigarh Bench was upheld by the Punjab and Haryana High court in CWPNo.19387/2011 delivered on 19.10.2011. The Hon'ble High Court of Punjab and Haryana while agreeing with the order passed by the Chandigarh Bench of the Tribunal commented that "Under the ACP Scheme of 1999, the financial upgradations were to be granted by upon completion of 12 years and 24 years of regular service whereas under the MACP Scheme such financial upgradations are envisaged by the completion of 10/20 and 30 years of service. The contentions raised on behalf of the petitioners if accepted, would defeat the very objective for which such schemes have been introduced."

- (ii) The Principal Bench of C.A.T. in O.A.904/2012 in the case of Sanjay Kumar, UDC & Ors. passed an order on 26th November, 2012 based on the findings of the C.A.T., Chandigarh Bench which was upheld by the Hon'ble High Court of Punjab and Haryana, i.e. MACP benefits in the promotional hierarchy.
- (iii) The Guwahati Bench of C.A.T. in O.A. No.040/000052/2014 in the case of Sri Narayan Kalita, Assistant Engineer(Electrical) and Ors. vs. Union of India & Ors. passed and delivered an order on 25.06.2014 based on the findings of C.A.T., Chandigarh Bench in O.A.1038/2010 and Hon'ble High Court of Punjab & Haryana in CWP 19387/2011 by allowing the MACP benefit in the next promotional hierarchy of the Executive Engineer.

(é)(i) We may now examine the above decisions of the benches of C.A.T. and the Punjab and Haryana High Court. The decisions taken in O.A.1038/CH/2010 by the Chandigarh Bench of C.A.T. which was upheld by the Punjab and Haryana High Court in CWP 19387/2011 was dismissed by the Hon'ble Apex Court not on the basis of merit but because of Hon'ble Apex Court did not condone the delay of filing the case in the Apex Court.

(ii) The decisions taken by the Punjab and Haryana High Court in CWP 19387/2011 was refuted by the Hon'ble Delhi High Court in WP(C) No.4662/2013 delivered on 26.07.2013 which is as follows:-

"The decision of the Punjab & Haryana High Court in WP(C) No.19387/2011 has prima facie proceeded on a wrong assumption that the only difference between the ACP and MACP was to remove the stagnation in the sense that under ACP Scheme two financial up gradation upon rendering 12 and 24 years of service were envisaged and under MACP three financial up gradations after rendering 10,20 and 30 years were envisaged. The Punjab & Haryana High Court did not take WP(C) No.4662/2013 into account that MACP was introduced on the recommendation of the 6th CPC where in place of hithertofore concept of pay scale came to be replaced by Pay Band and GP."

The order passed by the Principal Bench of C.A.T. in O.A.904/2014 (Sanjay Singh & Ors. vs. Union of India & Ors.) was stayed by the Hon'ble Delhi High Court in W.P©4662/2013 delivered on 26.07.2013.

- (iii) The order passed by Guwahati Bench of C.A.T. regarding giving MACP benefits in the next promotional grade has not attained any finality because of the stay of the Delhi High Court in W.P.(C)4662/2013.
- (iv) A recent Office Memorandum No.22034/04/2013-Estt.(D) has been issued by the Ministry of Personnel, Public Grievances and Pension, DOP&T, Government of India on 20.01.2016 on the subject matter of court cases in various Ministries/Departments/Organisations for grant of MACP benefits in the promotional hierarchy, relevant portion of which is extracted below:-

"The undersigned is directed to forward herewith a copy of the stay order dated 08.08.2014 passed by Hon'ble Supreme Court in CC No. 8271/2014 (converted to SLP No. 21803/2014) in the matter of UOI Vs. Shri M.V. Mohanan Nair on the order of the Hon'ble High Court of Kerala in OP(CAT) No. 2000/2013(Z) regarding grant of MACP benefit in the promotional hierarchy, for information".

The above case details are given below:-

C.A.T., Ernakulam Bench in the case of M.V. Mohanan Nair vs. Union of India passed an order on 29th of January, 2013 in O.A.816 of 2012 depending upon the decision of C.A.T., Chandigarh Bench as also that of Principal Bench in the matter of Ved Prakash. Here also, the MACP benefits were given by allowing the Grade Pay in the next promotional scale. This view of C.A.T., Emakulam was upheld by Hon'ble High Court of Kerala, Emakulam in O.P. (CAT) No. 2000/2013(Z) in Union of India & Ors. vs. M.V. Mohanan Nair, Photocopier of C.A.T.,

- "2. The MACPS envisages merely placement in the immediate next higher grade pay in the hierarchy of the recommended revised pay bands and grade pay as given in Section I, Part-A of the first schedule of the CCS (Revised Pay) Rules, 2008. Thus, the grade pay at the time of financial upgradation under the MACPS can, in certain cases where regular promotion is not between two successive grades, be different than what is available at the time of regular promotion. In such cases, the higher grade pay attached to the next promotion post in the hierarchy of the concerned cadre/organization will be given only at the time of regular promotion.
- 8. Promotions earned in the post carrying same grade pay in the promotional hierarchy as per Recruitment Rules shall be counted for the purpose of MACPS.
- 8.1 Consequent upon the implementation of Sixth CPC's recommendations, grade pay of Rs.5,400/- is now in two pay bands viz., PB-2 and PB-3. The grade pay of Rs.5,400/- in PB-2 and Rs.5,400/- in PB-3 shall be treated as separate grade pays for the purpose of grant of upgradations under MACP Scheme."
- 6. Annexure I to the DOPT OM dated 19.5.2009, vide illustration 4 clarifies as a under:-

"In case a Govt. servant joins as a direct recruits in the Grade Pay of Rs.1,900/-in Pay Band-I Rs.5,200- 20,200/- and he gets no promotion till completion of 10 years of service, he will be granted financial upgradtaion under MACP scheme in the next higher Grade Pay of Rs.2,000/- and his pay will be fixed by granting him one increment + difference of grade pay (i.e. Rs.100/-). After availing financial upgradation under MACP scheme, if the Govt. servant gets his regular promotion in the hierarchy of his cadre, which is to the Grade of Rs.2,400/-, on regular promotion, he will only be granted the difference of Grade Pay of between Rs.2,000/- and Rs.2,400/-. No additional increment will be granted at this stage."

- 7. Noting the relevant facts Inspectors in the Pay Band 2 Rs.9,300-34,800/- get a Grade Pay of Rs.4,600/- have been granted under the MACPS the first financial upgradation by retaining the Pay Band but giving the Grade Pay Rs.4,800/-. Their grievance as raised in the writ petition is that they are entitled to the Grade Pay Rs.5,400/- and to highlight the basis of their claim it is to be noted that the next hierarchical post i.e. that of Asst. Commandant is in Pay Band Rs.15,600-39,100/- with Grade Pay Rs.5,400/-. It be clarified that they do not claim a right to be placed in the Pay Band Rs.15,600-39,100/- but claim benefit of the Grade Pay of the said Pay Band and it is apparent that the basis of the claim is paragraph 2 of the MACPS which states that the Scheme envisages placement in the immediate next higher Grade Pay hierarchy.
- 8. It be noted that the erstwhile pay scales S-9 to S-15 which ranged between Rs.4,500-7,000/- to Rs.7,500-12,000/- have all been placed in Pay Band 2 i.e. Rs.9,300-34,800/- with Grade Pays Rs.4,200, Rs.4,600 and Rs.4,800/-.
- 9. Thus, the respondents state that they have correctly granted MACPS benefit by upgrading the Grade Pay of Inspectors from Rs.4,600/- to Rs.4,800/-.
- 10. The question would be whether the hierarchy contemplated by the MACPS is in the immediately next higher Grade Pay or is it the Grade Pay of the next above Pay Band.
- 11. Whatever may be the dispute which may be raised with reference to the language of paragraph 2 of the MACPS the illustration as per para 4 of Annexure I to the OM, contents whereof have been extracted hereinabove, make it clear that it is the next higher Grade Pay which has to be given and not the Grade Pay in the next hierarchical post and thus we agree with the respondents that Inspectors have to be given the Grade Pay after 10 years in sum of Rs.4,800/- and not Rs.5,400/- which is the Grade Pay of the next Pay Band and relatable to the next hierarchical post. To put it pithily, the MACPS

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Scheme requires the hierarchy of the Grade Pays to be adhered to and not the Grade Pay in the hierarchy of posts.

- 12. The writ petition is dismissed.
- 13. No costs."
- (h) The Department of Personnel & Training vide No.22034/04/2013-Estt.(D) dated 01.03.2016 has issued an Office Memorandum on the subject matter of court cases in various Ministries/Departments/Organisations for grant of MACP benefits in the promotional hierarchy, relevant extract is cited below:-

"In continuation of DOP&T's earlier O.M. of even No. dated 20.01.2016 on the above mentioned subject, the undersigned was directed to forward a copy of the decision of the Hon'ble C.A.T., Ahmedabad Bench in O.A.No.120/000018/2015 filed by Manubhai Bhagwanji Rathod vs. Union of India & Ors. whereby demand of the applicant for MACP in the promotional hierarcy has been dismissed."

It would be worthwhile to quote the above judgment which has been passed very recently for coming to the conclusion in the present matter:-

"The grievance of the applicant in this O.A relates to non granting of Grade Pay of Rs. 5400/- in Pay Band of Rs. 15600-39100 (PB-3) on being extended the benefit of 2nd financial upgradation under the Modified Assured Career Progression (MACP) Scheme. According to the applicant, on granting 2nd financial upgradation under the MACP Scheme his pay shall be fixed in the next Grade Pay of Rs. 5400/- in Pay Band of Rs. 15600-39100 (PB-3).

- 2. The facts stated by the applicant in support of his claim in brief are that he entered into service in the National Water Development Agency as Supervisor on 24.03.1986 in the pay scale of Rs. 1400-2300 as per the 4th Central Pay Commission. The applicant was thereafter promoted as Assistant Engineer by order dated 30.04.1996 in the pre-revised scale of Rs. 6500-10500 which was subsequently revised to Rs. 9300-34800 with Grade Pay of Rs. 4600/- (as per 6th CPC). The applicant submits that as per the existing promotional hierarchy in the department, his next promotional post is the Assistant Executive Engineer in the Pay Band of Rs. 15600- 39100 (PB-3) with Grade Pay of Rs. 5400/-.
- 3. On the basis of the 6th Central Pay Commission, the Government revised the ACP Scheme and introduced a new Scheme called, Modified Assured Career Progression Scheme (MACP Scheme) for the Central Government civilian employees by issuing Office Memorandum No. 35034/3/2008-Estt.(D) dated 19.05.2009, effective from 01.09.2008. The said MACP provides for grant of three financial upgradations at intervals of 10, 20 and 30 years of continuous regular service. Pursuant to the MACP Scheme, the applicant was given 2nd financial upgradation with effect from 01.09.2008 in Pay Band of Rs. 9300-34800 (PB-2) with Grade Pay of Rs. 4800/-. The next promotional post of Assistant Executive Engineer carries the Grade Pay of Rs. 5400/- in Pay Band of Rs. 15600-39100 (PB-3). According to the applicant, on granting the 9benefit of 2nd financial upgradation under the MACP Scheme by order dated 10.06.2013 vide Annexure A-4, his Grade Pay should have been fixed at Rs. 5400/- instead of Grade Pay of Rs. 4800/-.
 - 4. The applicant submits that the issue as to whether the Grade Pay should be given on the next promotional post in the hierarchy/cadre or not while granting financial upgradation under MACP Scheme, was the subject matter before the Chandigarh Bench and the Principal Bench of this Tribunal wherein it was held that financial upgradation should be given in the next promotional post. By placing reliance upon the

orders of the Chandigarh Bench of the Tribunal dated 31.05.2011 in O.A. No. 1038/CH/2010 (Raj Pal vs. Union of India & Others) and the Principal Bench of the Tribunal dated 26.11.2012 in O.A. No. 904/2012 (Sanjay Kumar and Others vs. The Secretary Ministry of Defence, New Delhi and Others), the applicant submitted a representation dated 17.04.2014 vide Annexure A-6 to the Director General, National Water Development Agency, New Delhi, requesting to extend similar treatment and to revise his Grade Pay consequent upon granting the benefit of 2nd financial upgradation under the MACP Scheme, which came to be rejected by order dated 19th August, 2014 vide Annexure A-1. Being aggrieved by the action on the part of the respondents in not giving him the Grade Pay of Rs. 5400/- on extending the benefit of 2nd financial upgradation, the applicant presented the instant O.A seeking a declaration that the applicant is entitled to get the Grade Pay of Rs. 5400/- in Pay Band Rs. 15600-39100 (PB-3) on being granted the 2nd financial upgradation under the MACP Scheme vide order dated 10.06.2013 vide Annexure A-4 and for a direction to the respondents to grant the Grade Pay of Rs. 5400/- in Pay Band Rs. 15600-39100 (PB-3) on being granted the 2nd financial upgradation under the MACP Scheme. He further prayed for a direction to fix his pay as requested above and grant the arrears of difference of pay.

- Pursuant to the notice of the O.A, the respondents entered appearance. Today, though the matter stands posted for reply of the respondents, the learned counsel for the respondents, Mr. B. Mishra, submits that in view of the recent judgement of the Honble High Court of Delhi on the present issue and by applying the same, the O.A can be disposed of on the same lines.
- By placing reliance upon the judgements of the Honble High Court of Delhi dated 04.04.2011 in W.P.(C) No. 3420/2010 in the case of R.S. Sengor & Others v. Union of India and Others and dated 17.03.2015 in W.P.(C) No. 5082/2013 in the case of Swaran Pal Singh and Others vs. Union of India and Others, Shri B. Mishra submits that the applicant is not entitled for any relief as prayed for in the O.A and the O.A deserves to be dismissed.
- Shri B.A. Vaishnav, learned counsel for the applicant is not a position to dispute the fact that the issue involved in this O.A has been considered by the Honble High Court of Delhi in the two cases relied upon by Shri B. Mishra.
- Perused the pleadings and the documents annexed thereto. Shri B.A. Vaishnav, learned counsel for the applicant argues that on extension of the benefit of 2nd financial upgradation under the MACP Scheme vide order dated 10.06.2013 (Annexure A-4), the respondents have fixed the Grade Pay of the applicant at Rs. 4800/- instead of Rs. 5400/-. Shri B.A. Vaishnav points out that the next promotional post of Assistant Executive Engineer carries the Grade Pay of Rs. 5400/- in Pay Band Rs. 15600-39100 (PB-3) as such on granting the 2nd financial upgradation under the MACP Scheme, the Grade Pay shall be fixed at Rs. 5400/- and not at Rs. 4800/-. The respondents in their order dated 19.08.2014 rejected his claim by referring to the provisions of the MACP Office Memorandum No. 35034/3/2008-Estt.(D) dated in 19.05.2009. Shri B.A. Vaishnav by placing reliance upon the order of Chandigarh Bench of the Tribunal dated 31.05.2011 in O.A. No. 1038/CH/2010 (Raj Pai vs. Union of India & Others) and the orders of the Principal Bench of the Tribunal dated 26.11.2012 in O.A. No. 904/2012 (Sanjay Kumar and Others vs. The Secretary Ministry of Defence, New Delhi and Others), dated 08.09.2015 in O.A. No. (Vinai Kumar Srivastav and Another v. East Delhi Municipal Corporation, Delhi and Others) and dated 11.09.2015 in O.A. No. 101/2015 (Vikas Bhutani and Others v. Union of India and Others) argues that the stand of the respondents for rejecting the claim of the applicant has been negatived in the said orders and as such the applicant is entitled for the reliefs as sought for in this O.A.
- The grievance made by the applicant in this O.A is that he is entitled to the Grade Pay of Rs. 5400/- and highlighted the basis of his claim that his next promotional hierarchy of post is the Assistant Executive Engineer in the Pay Band of Rs. 15600-39100 with Grade Pay of Rs. 5400/-.

- 10. Shri B. Mishra , learned counsel for the respondents submits that the respondents have correctly granted the MACP benefit by upgrading the Grade Pay of Rs. 4600/- to Rs. 4800/-.
- 11. In view of the rival submissions of the learned counsel for the parties, the question that arises for our consideration is as under:

"Whether the hierarchy contemplated by the MACP Scheme is in the immediately next higher Grade Pay or is it in the Grade Pay of the next above Pay Band".

- 12. Shri B. Mishra Learned counsel for the respondents points out that an identical question has been articulated by the Honble High Court of Delhi in W.P.(C) No. 3420/2010, R.S. Sengor & Others v. Union of India and Others, decided on 04.04.2011. We have carefully gone through the said judgement. We notice that the Honble High Court of Delhi in R.S. Sengor & Others v. Union of India and Others articulated identical issue and the same is at para 10 of the judgement. It reads as:
 - "10. The question would be whether the hierarchy contemplated by the MACPS is in the immediately next higher Grade Pay or is it the Grade Pay of the next above Pay Band."

The above question is answered by the Honble High Court of Delhi at para 11 of the said judgement, which reads as under:

- "11. Whatever may be the dispute which may be raised with reference to the language of paragraph 2 of the MACPS the illustration as per para 4 of Annexure I to the OM, contents whereof have been extracted hereinabove, make it clear that it is the next higher Grade Pay which has to be given and not the Grade Pay in the next hierarchical post and thus we agree with the respondents that Inspectors have to be given the Grade Pay after 10 years in sum of Rs. 4,800/and not Rs. 5,400/- which is the Grade Pay of the next Pay Band and relatable to the next hierarchical post. To put it pithily, the MACPS Scheme requires the hierarchy of the Grade Pays to be adhered to and not the Grade Pay in the hierarchy of posts."
- 13. Shri B. Mishra further drew our attention to para 11 of a recent judgement dated 17.03.2015 in W.P.(C) No. 5082/2013, Swaranpal Singh and Others v. Union of India and Others on the file of the Honble Delhi High Court by which the view in R.S. Sengor (supra) was reiterated. It reads as under:
 - "11. Questions that would essentially arise for determination in this case are whether the benefit under MACPS can be claimed to the pay band applicable to the next promotional post in the hierarchy on the ground of seniors getting lesser pay than their juniors who have availed such scale of the promotional post under the ACP Scheme; whether Section-II Part- A of the 1st Schedule to the Railway Services (Revised Pay) Rules, 2008 prescribe minimum pay and the petitioners by application thereof become entitled to stepping up of their pay in case their pay scales/Pay Band fixed in terms of Rule 7 is less than the minimum pay so prescribed."
- On a careful reading of the judgement of the Honble High Court of Delhi Swaranpal Singh and Others v. Union of India and Others, we find that the Honble High Court answered the above question at para 19 of the said judgement, which reads as:
 - "19. The grievance of the petitioners as made, is however, contrary to the fundamental concept on which MACPS introduced through the 6th Central Pay Commission operates. A bare reading of paragraph 2 of the MACPS would make it clear that it is the next higher Grade Pay which has to be given and not the Grade Pay in the next hierarchical post, as was available under the ACP Scheme with reference to the pay scale of the next above hierarchical post. It is not in

dispute that MACPS supersedes ACP Scheme which was in force till August 31, 2008. Therefore, after August 31, 2008 any financial upgradation would be confined to placement in the immediate next higher grade pay in the hierarchy of the recommended revised Pay Band. The use of word 'merely' in para 2 of the Scheme supports this interpretation. Paragraph 2 further clarifies that the higher Grade Pay attached to the next promotional post in the hierarchy of the concerned cadre/organization will be given only at the time of regular promotion. Therefore, the claim that the petitioners should also be placed in the replacement Pay Band applicable to the next promotional post in the hierarchy as was available under the ACP Scheme is misplaced."

- 14. At para 20 of the said judgement, their Lordships were pleased to note that the very same issue had come up for consideration before this Court in W.P.(C) No. 3420/2010 in the case of R.S. Sengor & Others v. Union of India and Others, decided on 04.04.2011. Their Lordships quoted:
 - "20. This very issue had come up for consideration before this Court in W.P. (C) No.3420/2010 R.S.Sengor & Ors. Vs. Union of India & Ors. decided on April 04, 2011. In said case the petitioners were in Pay Band- 1 and had a corresponding grade pay of Rs. 1900/-. The next hierarchical post was also in Pay Band-1 but had a grade pay of Rs. 2400/-. The petitioners therein claimed that since the next hierarchical post had a pay band of Rs. 2400/-, they should, on financial upgradation, under the MACPS, be granted the grade pay of Rs. 2400/-. However, what the respondents in that case had done was to grant the petitioner therein the grade pay of Rs. 2000/- which was the next higher grade pay though, not the grade pay corresponding to the next hierarchical post. Dismissing the writ petition the Division Bench held as under:-
 - "10. The question would be whether the hierarchy contemplated by the MACPS is in the immediately next higher Grade Pay or is it the Grade Pay of the next above Pay Band.
 - 11. Whatever may be the dispute which may be raised with reference to the language of paragraph 2 of the MACPS the illustration as per para 4 of Annexure I to the OM, contents whereof have been extracted hereinabove, make it clear that it is the next higher Grade Pay which has to be given and not the Grade Pay in the next hierarchical post and thus we agree with the Respondents that Inspectors have to be given the Grade Pay after 10 years in sum of Rs. 4800/and not Rs. 5400/- which is the Grade Pay of the next Pay Band and relatable to the next hierarchical post. To put it pithily, the MACPS Scheme requires the hierarchy of the Grade Pays to be adhered to and not the Grade Pay in the hierarchy of posts."
- 15. By referring to the fact that the view in R.S. Sengor was followed by another Division Bench of this Court in the decision reported as 193 (2012) DLT 577, Union of India Vs. Delhi Nurses Union (Regd.) and Anr., at Para 22 of the said judgement, it was held as under:
 - "22. Therefore, merely because others who have been granted financial upgradation in the pay scale of the promotional post in the hierarchy under the ACP Scheme and by operation of para 6 of MACPS, their pay is fixed with reference to the pay scale granted to them under the ACP Scheme, the petitioners would not get any right to be placed in such scales, since the language of the scheme makes it clear that the financial upgradation under ACP/MACPS are different than regular promotions in the grade."

The claim of the petitioners before the Honble High Court of Delhi in R.S. Sengor and Others (supra) and Swaran Pal Singh and Others (supra) is identical to that of the claim of the applicant in this O.A , as such, in view of the findings of the Honble High Court of Delhi on the issue at hand, one has to agree with the argument of Shri B. Mishra, learned counsel for the respondents.

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dilemma as to which of the judgements are to be preferred to that of another. Neither of the learned counsel is placing reliance upon any of the judgement of Honble Gujarat High Court in support of their respective claims. To answer this problem, we may usefully refer to the Full Bench judgement of this Tribunal in O.A. No. 555/2001. Dr. A.K. Dawar v. Union of India and Others, on the file of the Principal Bench of this Tribunal. In Dr. A.K. Dawar, the Principal Bench was considering the situation arising out of conflicting decisions of Honble High Court. It referred to the decisions in M/s East India Commercial C.o. Ltd., Calcutta and Another v. Collector of Customs, Calcutta, AIR 1962 SC 1893, Bhagaban Sarangi (supra) IPCL and Another v. Shramik Sena (2001) 7 SCC 469 and Director General (I&R) v. Holy Angels Schools, 1998 CTJ 129 (MRTPC). It held

"17. Consequently, we hold :-

- 1. that if there is a judgement of the High Court on the point having territorial jurisdiction over this Tribunal, it would be binding:
- that if there is no decision of the High Court having territorial jurisdiction on the point involved but there is a decision of the High Court anywhere in India, this Tribunal would be bound by the decision of that High Court;
- 3. that if there are conflicting decisions of the High Courts including the High Court having the territorial jurisdiction, the decision of the Larger Bench would be binding, and
- 4. that if there are conflicting decisions of the High Courts including the one having territorial jurisdiction then following the ratio of the judgement in the case of Indian Petrochemicals Corporation Limited (supra), this Tribunal would be free to take its own view to accept the ruling of either of the High Courts rather than expressing third point of view."

Thus, in view of the decision of the Full Bench in Dr. A.K. Dawar (supra), by following the judgement in Indian Petrochemicals Corporation Limited (supra) we are free to take our own view to accept the rulings of either the Honble High Court of Delhi and Honble High Court of Puniab and Harvana, At this juncture, we may also observe that among the rulings relied upon by the parties, the judgement of Honble High Court of Delhi in W.P.(C) No. 3420/2010 in the case of R.S. Sengor & Others vs. Union of India and Others is the oldest one, i.e. dated 04.04.2011. The order of the Chandigarh Bench of the Tribunal in the case of Raj Pal vs. Union of India and Others in O.A. No. 1038/CH/2010 was decided later. In other words, as on the date of decision of the Chandigarh Bench of the Tribunal in Raj Pal, the judgement of Honble High Court of Delhi was very much available and if it refers to the issue involved in this O.A, then the judgement in Raj Pal is per incuriam. Honble High Court of Punjab and Haryana did not refer to the judgement of Honble High Court of Delhi in the case of R.S Sengor while dealing with the CWP No. 19387/2011 (supra). In view of this position and also in view of the guidelines of the Full Bench of the Tribunal (Principal Bench) in Dr. A.K. Dawar (supra), we accept the ruling of the Honble High court of Delhi in R.S. Sengor (supra) which was consistently followed by it in Swaran Pal Singh (supra) and also in Union of India vs. Delhi Nurses Union (Regd.) and Another reported at 193 (2012) DLT 577. We may also observe that the Honble Supreme Court in the case of Government of Tamil Nadu vs. S. Arumugham & Ors. held that the Courts cannot substitute their own views for the views of the Government or direct a new policy based on the Courts view. Further, Honble Supreme Court in the case of Secretary, Govt. (NCT of Delhi) & Others v. Grade-I DASS Officers Association & Others, 2014 (13) SCC 296, while considering ACP Scheme held that the scheme being a policy decision of the Government, the Court will not interfere with the same.

18. We have also carefully perused the Office Memorandum dated 19.05.2009 by which the Government has introduced the MACP Scheme. Paras 2, 8 and 8.1 of the MACP Scheme are relevant and they are noted as under:

- "2. The MACPS envisages merely placement in the immediate next higher grade pay in the hierarchy of the recommended revised pay bands and grade pay as given in Section I, Part-A of the first schedule of the CCS (Revised Pay) Rules, 2008. Thus, the grade pay at the time of financial upgradation under the MACPS can, in certain cases where regular promotion is not between two successive grades, be different than what is available at the time of regular promotion. In such cases, the higher grade pay attached to the next promotion post in the hierarchy of the concerned cadre/organization will be given only at the time of regular promotion.
- 8. Promotions earned in the post carrying same grade pay in the promotional hierarchy as per Recruitment Rules shall be counted for the purpose of MACPS.
- 8.1 Consequent upon the implementation of Sixth CPC's recommendations, grade pay of Rs. 5,400/- is now in two pay bands viz., PB-2 and PB-3. The grade pay of Rs. 5,400/- in PB-2 and Rs. 5,400/- in PB-3 shall be treated as separate grade pays for the purpose of grant of upgradations under MACP Scheme."
- 19. Annexure I to the DOPT OM dated 19.5.2009, vide illustration 4 clarifies as under:-

"In case a Govt. servant Joins as a direct recruits in the Grade Pay of Rs.1,900/-in Pay Band-I Rs. 5,200- 20,200/- and he gets no promotion till completion of 10 years of service, he will be granted financial upgradtaion under MACP scheme in the next higher Grade Pay of Rs. 2,000/- and his pay will be fixed by granting him one increment + difference of grade pay (i.e. Rs.100/-). After availing financial upgradation under MACP scheme, if the Govt. servant gets his regular promotion in the hierarchy of his cadre, which is to the Grade of Rs. 2,400/-, on regular promotion, he will only be granted the difference of Grade Pay of between Rs. 2,000/- and Rs. 2,400/-. No additional increment will be granted at this stage."

A combined reading of the above stipulations in the MACP Scheme would lead to a irresistible conclusion that it is the next higher Grade Pay which has to be given and not the Grade Pay in the hierarchical post and thus we agree with the respondents that the applicant has to be given the Grade Pay in a sum of Rs. 4800/- and not Rs. 5400/- which is the Grade Pay of the next Pay Band and relatable to the next hierarchical post.

- 20. In view of the foregoing, we do not find fault with the action on the part of the respondents in granting the Grade Pay of Rs. 4800/- while extending the benefit of 2nd financial upgradation under the MACP Scheme and consequently, the question of any direction as sought by the applicant does not arise. The O.A deserves to be dismissed. Accordingly, the same is dismissed with no order as to costs."
- The applicants in their pleadings in para 4(l) submitted that "all the seniors i.e. the Assistant Conservator of Forests who have completed 24 years of service before 31.08.2008 were granted the pay scale of Rs.10,000-15,200(revised pay scale of Rs.15600-39100, with G.P Rs.6600), were subsequently provided third MACP benefit of Grade Pay of Rs.7600/-, whereas the applicants were not given the 2nd financial upgradation i.e. Grade Pay of Rs.6600/- as given to other similarly placed persons. In the above para the applicants have alleged that there is disparity in consideration of their case as their seniors who have enjoyed the ACP Scheme earlier, are benefitted more than them(applicants) as the seniors got ACP benefits after 24 eyears of service which the applicants could not avail of since they joined the service later. It is

pertinent to point out that the MACP Scheme itself which was issued by the Government of India, Department of Personnel & Training vide O.M. No.35034/3/2008-Estt.(D) dated 19.05.2009 have clarified in para 11 that:-

"It is clarified that no past case would be reopened. Further by implementing the MACP Scheme the difference in pay scale on account of grant of financial upgradation under the old ACP Scheme (of August, 1999) under the MACP Scheme within the same cadre shall not be construed as an anomaly."

(j) It has been further clarified by DOP&T vide O.M. No.11/1/2010-JCA issued on 6th October, 2010 that:-

"Further differences in pay scales on account of grant of financial upgradation under ACPs (of August, 1999) and the MACPS within the same cadre shall not be construed as an anomaly."

7. While we peruse all the above facts and the decisions of the Hon'ble C.A.T., Ahmedabad Bench in O.A.No.120/000018/2015 and Hon'ble High Court of Delhi in WP(C) No.3420/2010, we are firmly of the view that the MACP benefit would be given in the hierarchy of next higher Grade Pay and not in Grade Pay of promotional hierarchy which will be payable on actual promotion. Hence, the O.A. lacks merit and is dismissed. No cost.

(JAYA DAS GUPTA) Administrative Member (JUSTICE V.C. GUPTA)
Judicial Member

s.b

No. 31011/3/2016-Estt (A.IV) Government of India Ministry of Personnel, Public Grievances and Pensions Department of Personnel and Training Establishment A-IV Desk

North Block, New Delhi-110 001 Dated: April 29, 2016

OFFICE MEMORANDUM

Subject:- Central Civil Services (Leave Travel concession) Rules, 1988- Reimbursement of rail fare on LTC in respect of children of 5-12 yrs age group.- Clarification reg.

As per Railway Board's circular No. 71 of 2015, Ministry of Railways have decided that in case of children above 5 years and under 12 years of age, for whom full berth/seat is sought at the time of reservation, full fare shall be charged. It is mentioned that if berth/seat is not sought for the children of age 5 years and under 12 years of age at the time of reservation, then half of the adult fare shall continue to be charged subject to minimum distance for charge. This would be effective for the travel w.e.f. 10.04.2016.

- 2. In this regard, several references have been received in this Department from various Ministries/ Departments seeking clarification as to whether the full fare charged by the Railways for reservation of berth for children between 5 years and 12 years shall be reimbursable while availing LTC facility.
- 3. The matter has been examined in consultation with Department of Expenditure, Ministry of Finance and it has been decided that for the family members of the Government servant, aged between 5 yrs and under 12 yrs, the actual rail fare shall be reimbursed for LTC, as per the choice of rail tickets purchased by the Government servant.

Surya Narayan Jha)

Under Secretary to the Government of India

To

The Secretaries
All Ministries / Departments of Government of India.
(As per the standard list)

Copy to:

- 1. Comptroller & Auditor General of India, New Delhi.
- 2. Union Public Service Commission, New Delhi.
- 3. Central Vigilance Commission, New Delhi.
- 4. Central Bureau of Investigations, New Delhi.

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No. 31011/11/2015-Estt (A.IV) Government of India Ministry of Personnel, Public Grievances and Pensions Department of Personnel and Training Establishment A-IV Desk

North Block, New Delhi-110 001 Dated: May-12, 2016

OFFICE MEMORANDUM

Subject:- Central Civil Services (Leave Travel concession) Rules, 1988-Admissibility of catering charges in respect of rail journey performed on LTC.- Clarification reg.

The undersigned is directed to say that several references are received in this Department from various Ministries/Departments seeking clarification regarding the admissibility of catering charges charged by the Indian Railways in respect of the rail journey(s) performed by Rajdhani/Shatabdi on LTC.

2. The matter has been examined in consultation with Department of Expenditure, Ministry of Finance and it is clarified that if the Government servant has to compulsorily avail the catering facility and the cost is included in the rail fare for Rajdhani/Shatabdi/Duronto trains, the fare charged shall be reimbursable in full as per the entitlement/eligibility of the Government servant.

Surya Narayan Jha)

Under Secretary to the Government of India

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All Ministries / Departments of Government of India.
(As per the standard list)

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- 5. Parliament Library, New Delhi.
- 6. All Union Territory Administrations.
- 7. Lok Sabha/ Rajya Sabha Secretariat.
- 8. All Attached and Subordinate Offices of Ministry of Personnel, P.G. & Pensions.
- 9. NIC, DoP&T with the request to upload this O.M. on Department's web site (OMs/Orders→ Establishment→ LTC Rules)
- 10. Hindi Section for Hindi version.

F. No. 31011/8/2015-Estt (A.IV)
Government of India
Ministry of Personnel, Public Grievances and Pensions
Department of Personnel and Training
Establishment A-IV Desk

North Block, New Delhi-110 001 Dated May 13, 2016

OFFICE MEMORANDUM

Subject:- Revision of time limit for drawal of advance for the purpose of LTC journey by train.

The undersigned is directed to refer to this Ministry's O.M. No. 31011/5/98-Estt.(A) dated 30.03.1998 regarding relaxation of time-limit for drawal of LTC advance, wherein it has been stated that a Government employee can draw advance for LTC journey for himself and his family members sixty-five days before the proposed date of the outward journey.

- 2. Since, the Ministry of Railways has decided to increase the Advance Reservation Period (ARP) for booking accommodation in trains from 60 days to 120 days (excluding the date of journey) w.e.f. 1st April 2015, the time-limit for drawal of LTC advance by the Government servants may be increased from 65 days (i.e. 2 months & 5 days) to 125 days (i.e. 4 months and 5 days) in case of journey by train.
- 3. Cases where the LTC journey is proposed to be undertaken by other modes of transport viz. air/sea/road, the time-limit for drawing LTC advance shall remain 65 days only.
- 4. In all the cases, where an advance is drawn for the purpose of availing LTC, it will be mandatory for the Government servant to produce the outward journey tickets to the Competent Authority within ten days of drawal of advance in order to verify that he has actually utilised the amount to purchase the tickets.

(Surya Narayan Jha)

Under Secretary to the Government of India

To

The Secretaries
All Ministries / Departments of Government of India.
(As per the standard list)

Copy to:

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